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# Vrukshayurveda: Bridging Ancient Plant Science with Modern Agricultural Practices

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#### **Abstract**

Vrukshayurveda, an ancient Indian system of plant science, offers a comprehensive approach to plant health, cultivation, and protection using natural and sustainable methods. Rooted in the Ayurvedic tradition, this ancient practice provides insights that align closely with modern organic and sustainable agriculture. This paper explores the historical foundations of Vrukshayurveda, its core principles, and its relevance and application in contemporary agricultural science.

#### **Keywords**

Vrukshayurveda, Ayurveda, organic farming, sustainable agriculture, Panchagavya, ancient plant science

#### Introduction

Modern agriculture faces significant challenges, including soil degradation, loss of biodiversity, and over-reliance on chemical inputs. As the search for sustainable solutions intensifies, ancient systems like Vrukshayurveda offer valuable insights. Vrukshayurveda, derived from Sanskrit terms "Vruksha" (tree) and "Ayurveda" (science of life), is a traditional Indian science focusing on plant life, their diseases, and treatments, paralleling human Ayurvedic practices.

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# **Material & Methods**

#### **Review of Literature**

Vrukshayurveda is believed to have been systematized by Surapala, a 10th-century scholar, whose treatise "Vrikshayurveda" was rediscovered in the early 20th century. References to plant care and natural treatments are also found in the Vedas, Upanishads, and epics like the Ramayana and Mahabharata. These texts emphasize harmony with nature, soil preservation, and plant health using bio-resources.

# Core Principles of Vrukshayurveda

# Soil Science and Management

Soils are classified based on texture, color, and fertility. Practices include regular aeration, addition of organic matter, and balancing the soil's doshas, akin to balancing human bodily humors in Ayurveda.

# Seed Treatment (Beeja Sanskara)

Seeds undergo rituals and treatments using cow dung, ash, ghee, and herbal extracts to enhance germination and disease resistance, a practice comparable to modern seed priming and coating.

#### Plant Nutrition and Growth Enhancers

Use of Panchagavya (a mixture of cow dung, urine, milk, curd, and ghee) serves as a potent bio-fertilizer and microbial enhancer. These formulations improve soil fertility, plant immunity, and yield.

#### Disease and Pest Management

Pest control involves botanical insecticides made from neem, turmeric, garlic, and other herbs. Decoctions are prepared to ward off specific pests without harming beneficial organisms, aligning with modern biopesticide strategies.

# Tree Surgery and Grafting

Techniques to heal wounded trees and methods of grafting and propagation are elaborated, showcasing an advanced understanding of plant physiology.

#### **Scientific Validation and Modern Correlates**

Modern studies have corroborated the efficacy of Panchagavya in enhancing microbial activity, improving root development, and increasing yield. Seed treatments and natural pesticides from Vrukshayurveda are being validated through agricultural field trials and laboratory analysis.

Vrukshayurveda Practice----- Modern Equivalent

Beeja Sanskara----- Seed coating, biopriming

Panchagavya----- Biofertilizers, microbial inoculants

Herbal pest repellents----- Botanical pesticides

Soil mulching and composting----- Organic soil amendments
Planting based on lunar phases----- Biodynamic agriculture

# **Applications in Contemporary Agriculture**

Vrukshayurveda finds applications in:

- Organic farming and permaculture
- Medicinal plant cultivation
- Agroforestry and reforestation projects
- Urban gardening initiatives

# **Challenges and Future Prospects**

While promising, Vrukshayurveda faces challenges in standardization, large-scale implementation, and scientific documentation. Future research must focus on experimental validation, integration with agri-tech tools, and farmer education.

### **Conclusion**

Vrukshayurveda exemplifies how ancient wisdom can guide modern agricultural practices towards sustainability. By integrating these time-tested methods with contemporary science, agriculture can become more eco-friendly, resilient, and productive.

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